List of Projects: 2019-20



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SNo	Dept	Guide	USNs	Title	Status	Abstract (100 words)
1	CSE	Dr.Raghavendra S	4VP15CS011	Fire Extinguishing Robotic Vehicle	Functional	Fire safety is an important aspect to be taken into account because
			4VP16CS011	Using Iot		it would save the firmsfrom heavy loss and also it has an impact
			4VP16CS040			on saving human lives. Fire safety measures should be
			4VP16CS058			incorporated in many firms to prevent the uncontrolled ignition of
						fire. In recent days, fire extinguishing robot plays a major role in
						many areas. The system reduces the human effort and helps the
						humans in all possible ways. Early phase fire detection can be
						performed by using the fire extinguishing robot. The robot has the
						capability of taking intelligent actions in complex situations
						.Safety and security are the two important aspects to save human
						lives. In this project the fire extinguishing robot acts intelligently
						by transmitting the message to the android application, controllers
						and takes initial actions to stop fire. The entire system is designed
						in such a way that the robot serves instantly by taking immediate
						actions.Fire extinguisher robotic vehicle with night vision camera
						allows a user to control a fire extinguisher robot equipped with
						water tank and gun remotely wirelessly for extinguishing fire. The
						system uses a Wi-Fi module for remote operation along with
						microcontroller circuit for operating the robotic vehicle and water
						pump. The image captured by the camera is processed.
2	CSE	Dr. Mahesh Prasanna	4VP15CS045	Early Detection Of Brain Tumor	Functional	At present, processing of medical images is a developing and
			4VP16CS015	Using Digital Image Processing		important field. It includes many different types of imaging
			4VP16CS047			methods. Some of them are Computed Tomography-scans (CT
			4VP16CS055			-scans), X-rays and Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) etc.
						These technologies allow us to detect even the smallest defects in
						the human body. MRI is mainly used to get images of the human
						body and cancerous tissues because of its high resolution and
						better quality compared with other imaging technologies. Abnorm
						al growth of tissues in the brain which affect proper brain
						functions is considered as a brain tumor. Identification of brain
						tumor through MRI images is difficult because of the complexity

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						of the brain. Therefore, we are fusing the MRI and CT scan
						images to get higher accuracy. In this project, we are putting
						forward an attempt to detect the brain processed tumor in the
						earliest stage possible using pre -MRI-CT fused image which is
						further subjected to different filtering and segmentation
						techniques along with CNN . There are different techniques
						previously used, but here is an attempt to get more accurate results
						by using most effective techniques.
3	CSE	Prof. Divya	4VP15CS404	Mobile Medical Application For	Functional	Glucose monitoring technology has been used by diabetic patients
			4VP16CS019	Smart Insulin Regulation Using Iot		to monitor their blood glucose level for the past three decades.
			4VP16CS045			This project reviews the fundamental techniques of blood glucose
						detection and smart insulin regulation. The most common and
						widely used technique is the invasive technique that requires users
						to prick their finger to draw the blood. However, recently a lot of
						new technologies have been developed for non-invasive technique
						to monitor the blood glucose level and study in this area is
						growing rapidly. Among all, the optical and transdermal approach
						are the two most potential sensing modalities for non-invasive
						glucose monitoring that choose the very good prospect. The blood
						glucose level of a human can be measured by passing IR
						radiation. The glucose concentration in blood depends on the
						intensity of the wavelength specific to the radiation. The detected
						blood glucose level is communicated into the smart phone through
						the wireless channel and the smart phone control the safety critical
						devices such as insulin infusion pump infougn for based Mobile
1	CSE	Drof Dadhilta Shatty	4.001605001		Eurotional	Internet is still one of the serious problems for both
4	CSE	PIOL Radilika Shetty	4VP16CS001	Cotwork A Minimalistia Madular	Functional	developed and developing accurting in the world including India
			4 V F 10C 5005	Ich Poord		The increasing number of unemployed graduates has become one
			4 V F 10C S022	JUU DUALU		of the serious problems in India. Deeple are upphle to get access to
			4 V I 10C 3034			ich opportunities due to inefficient distribution of information on
1	1		1		1	job opportunities due to memorial distribution of information on

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List of Projects: 2019-20 SNo Dept Guide USNs Title Abstract (100 words) Status job offers but now the internet has made a huge impact on knowledge management and information dissemination all over the world. In today's competitive world, it is difficult for people to get job easily and also difficult for people to find suitable jobs that match with their skills. It has also become for organizations to find people who are best in their fields and intelligent to be hired. The Internet has changed the way of connecting the employers and the employees making them easier to communicate with one another and with this improvement there comes the problem with control of middlemen, privacy, skill-set, fake jobs etc. Researching the solutions to this problem we are going to make a product named "GetWork". Facial Expression Recognition The emotions evolved in human face have a great influence on 5 CSE Dr. Harivinod 4VP16CS002 Functional 4VP16CS026 Using Convolution Neural Network decisions and arguments about various subjects. In psychological 4VP16CS046 theory, emotional states of a person can be classified into six main 4VP16CS063 categories: surprise, fear, disgust, anger, happiness and sadness. Automatic extraction of these emotions from the face images can help in human computer interaction as well as many other applications. Machine learning algorithms and especially deep neural network can learn complex features and classify the extracted patterns. In this paper, a deep learning-based framework is proposed for human emotion recognition. The proposed framework uses the feature extraction and then a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) for classification. The experimental results show that the proposed methodology increases both of the speed training process of CNN and the recognition accuracy 6 CSE **Prof.Nithin Kurup** 4VP16CS004 Autosence: A Novel Attendance The Autosense system framework takes the participation naturally Functional System Using Face Recognition utilizing face identification and recognition. This participation is 4VP16CS007 4VP16CS024 recorded by utilizing a camera connected as a part of front of classroom that is continuously catching pictures of students, 4VP16CS101 detect the faces in image and contrast the distinguished

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						appearances and the database and mark the attendance. Experiments are implemented and it shows the improvement of the performance of the attendance framework
7	CSE	Dr.Raghavendra	4VP16CS005 4VP16CS018 4VP16CS021 4VP16CS056	Classification Of Stars, Galaxies And Quasars Using Machine Learing	Functional	Astronomy is one of the oldest sciences and the first science to incorporate math's and geometry. It sits at the centre of humankind's search for its place in the universe. As we delve deeper into the space surrounding our planet, the tools we use become more complex. Astronomers have come a long way from tracking the night sky with the naked eye or cataloguing the stars with a pen and paper. Today satellites and telescopes produce data at an astonishing rate. However, classifying only the objects of interest among such vast quantity of data is an enormous task. In order to classify the objects into respective class with reduced human interaction, we go for machine learning techniques. This reduces the computational complexity of the problem. The proposed project is based on machine learning techniques. Our project mainly focuses on implementing a classification system using Machine Learning (XGBoost) model trained using the dataset created by the Sloan Digital Sky Survey (SDSS). The proposed method classifies the target for given photometric and spectroscopic input data. The model classifies the input data into one of the 3 classes (Galaxy, Quasar, Star). We place great emphasis on the technology or the methodology involved in classifying the class of the input data, however we have designed a web interface for presentation and to improve User Experience (UX).
8	CSE	Dr. Mahesh Prasanna	4VP16CS008 4VP16CS013 4VP16CS014 4VP16CS048	Smart Traffic Interceptor	Functional	The growing effluences of urban India have made the ownership of vehicles a necessity. This has resulted in unexpected civic problem-that of vehicle identification, verifyingvehicle documents and driver authentication. The traditional traffic interceptor lacks in many ways to mitigate frauds and reduce defaulters. As a result

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						of which the escaping rate of defaulters increases and genuine owners/drivers have to face unnecessary inspections. Hence, we have a proposal to resolve the issues with comparatively high success rate. The proposed system has two major modules: Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) for verifying vehicle's validation and Fingerprint recognizer for driver's validation. An authentic database is queried for verification using the aforementioned credentials The aim is to design a system where for verifying vehicle's documents, number plate information is automatically scanned using a camera and an image processing mechanism is applied to use it as key value. Since, fingerprint information is one of the biometric evidences to validate a driver, we use scanner to fetch it for driving license verification purpose. If the driver/ owner is found as a defaulter, legal action will be initiated through SMS/mail with a CC to concerned authorities.
9	CSE	Prof.Radhika Shetty	4VP16CS009 4VP16CS028 4VP16CS033 4VP16CS039	"smart Bus"	Functional	Bus is one of the transportation system where it is meant for public transportation. Buses are the foremost wide used public transportation in many cities nowadays. To improve the standard of Bus Company, a smart ticketing system that can monitor and predict the passenger travel expenses. Current follow in Bus Transit System operators demonstrates that manual ticketing is time consuming and usually inaccurate. The utilization of automatic ticketing systems grow speedily and show nice potential. To depict the matter additional clear, when a passenger enters the bus, he/she will tap the rfid card using rfid reader and scans again when he reaches the destination. When the card is scanned at the source location, the location is tracked using the GPS module. And even the destination location is tracked while scanning the card one again. Using the source and destination location, the distance travelled by that particular passenger is

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						calculated. Based on the distance, the travel expense of that
						passenger is deducted from the card wallet. When the passenger
						scans his/her card, a message will be sent to his/her phone saying
						that the journey has started and mentioning the amount that has
						been deducted for the travel. Each passenger must have his/her
						own prepaid card. Without the card the travelling is difficult. A
10	COL	D f. T		Estad Calaria Datastian	E	motion sensor is used at the doors of the bus.
10	CSE	Prof. Lapaswini	4VP16CS010	Food Calorie Detection	Functional	Food is one of the most important requirements of every living
			4VP16CS029			being on earth. The numan beings require their lood to be fresh,
			4VP16CS050			pute and of standard quanty. The standards imposed and
			4 V F 10C 5092			food quality Now a day, people across the universe are becoming
						more sensitive to their diet. Unbalanced diet may cause many
						problems like weight gain obesity diabetes etc. So different
						systems were developed to analyze food images to calculate
						calorie and nutrition level. This system proposes an effective way
						to measure and manage daily food intake of patients and
						dietitians. The system will take the images of food and using
						image processing, segmentation and classification it calculates the
						nutrition and calorie content in the food. The proposed system
						will certainly improve and facilitate the current calorie
						measurement techniques. In this paper, food portion recognition
						system use for measuring the calorie and nutrition values. The
						user just to take a picture of the food image then to recognize the
						image to detect the type of food portion and classify convolutional
						neural network we are performing detection, food portion
						recognition and to calculate the calorie.
11	CSE	Prof. Savitha M	4VP16CS012	Phishing Website Detection Using	Functional	Phishing website is one of the internet security problems that
			4VP16CS042	Machine Learning		target the human vulnerabilities rather than software
			4VP16CS051			vulnerabilities. It can be described as the process of attracting
			4VP16CS057			online users to obtain their sensitive information such as

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						usernames and passwords. In this project, we offer an intelligent
						system for detecting phishing websites. The system acts as an
						additional functionality to an internet browser that notifies the
						user when it detects a phishing website. The system is based on a
						machine learning method, particularly supervised learning. We
						have applied 4 algorithms such as Random forest, Decision Tree,
						KNN and Support Vector Machine algorithm and selected the
						Random Forest technique for detecting phishing websites due to
						its good performance in classification. Our focus is to pursue a
						higher performance classifier by studying the features of phishing
						website and choose the better combination of them to train the
						classifier. In this project the system classifies URLs of the
						websites into two different classes, phishing and legitimate URL
10	COL		41 JD 1 (C C C C 1 (D · 1	and achieves better performance compare to the existing system.
12	CSE	Dr. Mahesh Prasanna	4VP16CS016	Online Medicine And Blood Bank	Functional	Searching for a particular medicine is not an easy task
			4VP16CS069	Search web Application		everywhere. Sometimes you are in a place where you don't know
			4VP16CS073			where a medical store is especially when you are looking for a
			4771005100			particular medicine. This is not only the problem of medicine,
						nowadays it is nard to find the blood we required. If a person went
						blood group blood he wanted wasn't there so now all he did to
						blood group blood he wanted wash t there, so how all he did to
						Online medicine or blood hank search halps to the people who are
						facing this condition. Here in our web application we provide a
						user interface where the visitor can search for a particular
						medicine or a blood of any blood group he wants. The search
						result will give the result based on what the visitor searched. If he
						searches for a particular medicine. It will show you the list of
						medical shops having that medicine this will work same in the
						blood bank search also. On the other hand. Our Web Application
						helps the owners(users) of medical store an blood bank to get

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						more customers. They have to contact the admin and then the admin will give them the UserID and password. After that they can login and update their personal and store detail then it will reflect in the interface.
13	CSE	Dr. Mahesh Prasanna	4VP16CS017 4VP16CS049 4VP16CS054 4VP16CS060	Real Time System Controlling Using Web Camera	Functional	Many modules have been developed to help the physical world interact with the digital world. Here we present a novel approach for Human Computer Interaction (HCI) where, we control cursor movement using a real-time camera and color pointers. Our method is to use a camera and computer vision technology, such as image segmentation, background subtraction and color tracking, to control mouse tasks (left clicking, right clicking, double-clicking and scrolling actions) and we show how it can perform everything as current mouse devices can. A color pointer has been used for the object recognition and tracking, so as to implement the module without any physical contact with the system. Click events of the mouse have been achieved by detecting the number of pointers on the images. The application has been created on MATLAB environment with operating system as windows 10. This method mainly focuses on the use of a Web Camera to develop a virtual human computer interaction device in a cost effective manner.
14	CSE	Prof. Roopa G.K	4VP16CS023 4VP16CS027 4VP16CS038 4VP16CS053	Air Quality Prediction And Analysis Using Machine Learning"	Functional	The air quality in cities is degrading as a result of a complex interaction between natural and artificial environmental conditions. With the increase in urbanization and industrialization and lack of control on emissions and use of catalytic converters, a great amount of particulate and toxic gases is produced. Urban air pollution prediction becomes an indispensable alternative to curb its detrimental consequences. Modern studies in the field of environment science and engineering shows that deterministic models struggle to capture the relationship between the concentration of atmospheric pollutants and their emission

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						sources. The recent advances in statistical modeling based on
						machine learning approaches have emerged as solution to
						tackle these issues. In this project, we have implemented different
						machine learning algorithms such as K-Nearest Neighbors,
						Decision Tree, Support Vector Machine and Logistic Regression,
						to forecast the Air Quality Index (AQI) of major pollutants like
						PM2.5, PM10, CO, NO2, SO2 and O3. Later, these algorithms are
						tested using mean squared error and root mean squared error. The
						algorithm which gives highest accuracy is used for predicting the
						air quality index of upcoming years.
15	CSE	Prof. Krishna Mohan	4VP16CS031		Functional	The proposed project is intended to control a surveillance rover
			4VP16CS043	Android Controlled Surveillance		via android smart phone in close proximity to avoid risking the
			4VP16CS052	Rover		life of humans during critical surveillance. Though CCTV Camera
			4VP16CS094			is installed in many areas for surveillance there are many incidents
						in which those cameras detect activities but necessary actions
						cannot be taken immediately. By implementing this method of
						surveillance the security personnel can be secure in a monitoring
						room. This project is a combination of hardware and software
						which has microcontroller, motor shield, sensor, an android
						application and finally a Bluetooth module via which the
						hardware connects the software. There are two modes of
						operation, manual and auto. During manual mode, the rover shall
						be controlled by the master controller and during the auto mode
						ine rover shall work avoiding obstacles and carrying out operation
						on its own. This is implemented using ATMEGA528
						placed over the rover for live streaming of the video and it is sent
						to the concerned authority. This provides the evidence to capture
						the suspect
16	CSF	Prof Raghavendra	4VP16CS032	Farmers Crisis Analysis Tool	Functional	Farmer crisis analysis is a web application that performs analysis
10	COL	Katoal	4VP16CS036	i anners erisis Anarysis 1001	1 uncuonal	on the farmers data collected from the government agencies and
		1 xuigui	1111000000			on the furners data concerca from the government agenetes and

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			4VP16CS065 4VP16CS067			third parties agencies from various geographic regions. The system makes use of farmer crisis data for to plot the severity on different visual graph and maps. The result of the analysis will be represented graphically region wise using leaflet.js/choropleth map. It also makes use of Google Map APIs for showing the selected area maps. This web application generates report of all the farmers along with their personnel information. The main aim of building this system is to give the information, which is to count the crisis of farmers per region, so that government bodies can predict policies for the betterment of the affected families. By calculating the crisis rate per region can be help full for government bodies to declare the suitable policies, which intern reduces the fatality of the farmers
17	CSE	Prof. Bharathi K	4VP16CS035 4VP16CS041 4VP16CS044 4VP16CS061	"A Smart Reader For Visually Impaired People	Functional	The system framework consists of three functional components: First, scene capture-using a camera, the text which the user needs to read gets captured as an image and has to be sent to the image or data processing platform., second, data processing where text will be filtered from the surrounding and will be recognized by optical character recognition (OCR) software and finally, Speech output where a filtered text will be passed into this system to get an audio output. Segmenting process for a image of document written in hand into lines of text and group of words is a difficult task in case of optical character recognition. Recognition of this handwriting is a difficult job since various people may use different styles in writing, the shape, skew and direction of writing changes from person to another. In order for addressing this problem the segmenting task of document image is taken as digital (binary) assigning problem. This project can be further improved for various local languages.

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18	CSE	Prof.Savitha M	4VP16CS037		Functional	Sentiment is a thought, attitude or judgment provoked by a
			4VP16CS062	"Multimodal Sentiment Analysis"		feeling. Sentiment analysis is the computational technique for
			4VP16CS080			extracting, classifying, understanding and determining the
			4VP16CS108			opinions expressed in various contents. Multimodal sentiment
						analysis is a new dimension of the traditional text-based sentiment
						analysis, which goes beyond the analysis of text, and includes
						other modalities such as audio and visual data. With the extensive
						amount of social media data available online in different forms
						such as videos and images, the conventional text-based sentiment
						analysis has evolved into more complex models of multimodal
						sentiment analysis, which can be applied in the development of
						virtual assistants, analysis of YouTube movie reviews, analysis of
						news videos, and emotion recognition such as depression
						monitoring, among others. In this project, the system takes input
						either in the form of text, audio or video. User can select the input
						file. Based on the type of the input file sentiment for the given
						input is classified. Applying Naive Bayesian classifier on the text
						When the input is sudia using Coople Speech to Taxt AD
						when the input is audio, using Google Speech-10-Text API
						Bayesian classifier which gives the sentiment of the audio file
						When video is given as input the given video is pre-processed
						and converted into frames and later using CNN classifier
						sentiment of the video is obtained
19	CSE	Prof Pramod Kumar	4VP16CS059	Online Event Management System	Functional	Online Event Management System is a software project that
17	COL		4VP16CS097		i unotronui	serves the functionality of an event manager. The system allows
			4VP16CS098			only registered users to login and new users are allowed to
			4VP16CS112			register on the application. This is proposed to be an android
						application. The project provides most of the basic functionality
						required for an event. It allows the user to
						select from a list of event types. Once the user enters an event

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20	CSE	Dr. Harivinod	4VP16CS064 4VP16CS072 4VP16CS091 4VP16CS095	Detection Of Diabetic Retinopathy Using Convolutional Neural Network	Functional	type eg(Wedding, birthday party, dance shows etc), the system then allows the user to select the date, time, place of the event and the event equipment's and also allows to select the seller for different services. All this data is logged in the fire store database, here every user has identified by a unique identification number for his booking. This data is sent to the administrator and they may interact with the client as per his requirements and his contact data is stored in the database. Diabetic Retinopathy is a diabetes complication that affects eyes. It is caused by damage to the blood vessels of the Light-sensitive tissue at the back of the eye (retina). At first, Diabetic Retinopathy may cause no symptoms or only mild vision problems. Eventually, it can cause blindness. The diagnosis of Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) through color fundus images requires experienced clinicians to identify the presence and significance of many small features, which along with a complex grading system, makes this a difficult and time consuming task. This project is an attempt towards finding an automated way to detect this disease in its early phase. In this project, we propose a CNN approach to diagnosing DR from digital fundus images and accurately classifying its severity. The automatic classification of Diabetic Retinopathy using color fundus image, and obtained an accuracy
						of 70% of our dataset, outperforming the results obtained by using classical approaches.
21	CSE	Prof.Sandesh Karanth	4VP16CS066 4VP16CS110 4VP16CS113 4VP16CS114		Functional	The quality of food grains is referred to the every aspect of the profit of supply and marketing. The purity is one of the factors whose inspection is more difficult and more complicated than that of other factors. This evaluation process is, however, tedious and time consuming. The farmers are affected by this manual activity. A model of quality grade testing and identification is built which is based on features such as the major axis, minor axis, parameters

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						and area with image processing and neural network technology.
						Investigation is made on rice by image processing and Neural
						Network which is implemented based on the features extracted
						from rice granule. Images are acquired for rice using Camera.
						image Pre-processing techniques, Canny edge detection, Feature
						extraction are performed on the acquired image using image
						processing method. The realises are presented to the neural natural for training numbers and the trained natural is then used to
						identify the unknown impurities and its quality
22	CSE	Drof Dhonymrivo	41/101605070	Smort College Dug"	Eurotional	Smort college hug is a hug consisting of three modules with
	CSE	PIOI. Bhahupilya	4VP16CS070	Smart Conege Bus	Functional	Small conege bus is a bus consisting of three modules with
			4VP16CS075			driver and notification In automated door system an important and
			4VF10C3070			very reliable human identification method is fingerprint
			4 111003079			identification Eingerprint of every person is unique Automatic
						door is developed by which student can enter/evit the bus by using
						his/her fingerprint authentication. The first process is called
						enrolment The system learns about all students' fingerprint so
						each student's fingerprints are scanned analyzed then stored in a
						fingerprint database. The second process is verification at the time
						of entering/leaving bus. The fingerprint scanner takes the
						fingerprint of the student and checks it against all the prints in the
						fingerprint database stored during enrollment and also checks
						whether student location/college location matches with current
						location. If both conditions are matched then
						automatically door opens and at the same time notification will be
						sent. Drowsiness at the wheel is a major cause of road accidents.
						Driver drowsiness is therefore considered as a high priority road
						safety issue. We use eyelid movement of the driver for the
						detection of drowsiness. The results have shown high reliability of
						the blinking behavior in assessing the level of drowsiness. In this
						system we implement detection of motion of the evelid. If the



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						eyelid is closed as per the aspect ratio it alerts the driver. The
						aspect ratio is calculated as per the timing of closing of the eyelid.
						If eyelids of drivers are closed for a threshold period of time
						then it is considered that driver is feeling sleepy and
						corresponding audio alarm is used to make the driver alert.
						The system further allows the parents to be notified when student
						reaches college and college authorities when the student reaches
						home.
23	CSE	Prof. Nagaraj	4VP16CS068	Gps/Gis Mapping Of Farmer Land	Functional	Documentation is related to "GPS/GIS Mapping of farmer land
			4VP16CS082	Records		records" application software. The main purpose of this project is
			4VP16CS0874VP1			to focus on methods and concerns to put forward GPS/GIS
			6CS096			mapping solution for APMC authorities to identify farmer's land
						records. This technology can help the authorities to refer and track
						geographical structure of land lot for various uses. The document
						consists of the survey on the present sectors where this technology
						is widely used, existing land record system in APMC and project
						planning, designing, implementation and testing report. The
						system is developed with test server for land and owner details. If
						the system is approved by the government eventually it can access
						the API to communicate with Bhoomi system - RTC. So that the
						application can work with the live data to validate all the data
						generated by the system. This is useful during the loan disbursal
						or repayment process in APMC
24	CSE	Prof. Pramod Kumar	4VP16CS071	Currency Detector App For Visually	Functional	Visually Impaired are those people who have vision impairment
			4VP16CS077	Impaired		or vision loss. Problems faced by visually impaired in performing
			4VP16CS093			daily activities are in great number. They also face alot of
			4VP16CS111			difficulties in monetary transactions. It is difficult for them to
						recognize the fake currencies and value of the currencies due to
						similarity of paper texture and size between
						different categories. This money detector app helps visually
						impaired person to recognize and detect money. Using this

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SNo	Dept	Guide	USNs	Title	Status	Abstract (100 words)
						application blind person can give voice command to open camera of the smartphone and to click picture of the note and he can know the value of the note by speech. This Android project uses speech to text conversion to convert the command given by the blind. Speech Recognition is a technology that allows users to provide spoken input into the systems. This android application uses text to speech concept to read the value of note to the user and then it converts the text value into speech. For currency detection, this application uses vision API technique to detect currency based on images or paper using mobile camera.
25	CSE	Prof. Prabhakar	4VP16CS074 4VP16CS102 4VP16CS104 4VP16CS116	Smart Class Room	Functional	Biometric student attendance system increases the efficiency of the process of taking student attendance. This project presents a simple and portable approach to student attendance in the form of an Internet of Things (IOT) based system that records the attendance using fingerprint based biometric scanner and stores them securely over database. This system aims to automate the cumbersome process of manually taking and storing student attendance records. It will also prevent proxy attendance, thus increasing the reliability of attendance records. The records are securely stored and can be reliably retrieved whenever required by the teacher. The knowledge about the power wastage is used to suggest the smart classroom in which the operation of the electrical and electronic devices is automated. In our method we first estimated what are all the devices a classroom consists (i.e.) fan, light, projector. Some existing method had already controlled this kind of devices using infrared remotes. Though the infrared remotes are used, power wastage due to human negligence is possible. Hence by replacing the infrared remote with wireless sensor effective automation can be achieved in the class room. The smart

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SNo	Dept	Guide	USNs	Title	Status	Abstract (100 words)
						classroom system controls automatic ON/OFF of fan and light system based on the presence and absence of the human inside the room and based on the temperatures of the room
26	CSE	Prof. Krishna Mohan	4VP16CS078 4VP16CS099 4VP16CS103 4VP16CS107	A Machine Learning And Computer Vision Approach To Detect Parkinson's Disease	Functional	Parkinson's disease (PD) is one of the most common neurodegenerative diseases of the central nervous system (CNS). While Parkinson's cannot be cured, early detection along with proper medication can significantly improve symptoms and quality of life. One of the earlier and most common symptoms of Parkinson's is tremors and rigidity in the muscles which directly impact the visual appearance of the hand drawn spirals and waves. The project makes use of hand drawn images of spirals and waves to detect Parkinson's disease. It is based on the fact that two of the most common Parkinson's symptoms include tremors and muscle rigidity which directly impact the visual appearance of a hand drawn spiral and wave. This variation in visual appearance will enable us to train a computer vision and machine learning algorithm to automatically detect Parkinson's disease. Histogram of Oriented Gradients image descriptor is used to quantify the variation in visual appearance and extract the features of each of the input images. A machine learning model is trained using a Random Forest Classifier with about 100 decision trees in the forest which will in turn be able to classify a new input image as Parkinson's positive and Parkinson's negative. The proposed method automates the detection of Parkinson's disease eliminating the additional hardware used to recognize voice, measure physical activities and track pen speed and pressure in the existing systems

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SNo	Dept	Guide	USNs	Title	Status	Abstract (100 words)			
27	CSE	Prof. Roopa G K	4VP16CS083 4VP16CS086 4VP16CS109 4VP16CS115	Automatic Fire Detection And Prevention For Industries	Functional	This system uses camera for detecting fires. So, we do not nee any other sensors to detect fire. The Raspberry Pi controlle processes the camera input and detects fire using hea signatures.System processes the camera input and then processes processes it to detect fires. The heat signatures and fin illumination patterns are detected in images to determine if it is fire and take action accordingly. On detecting fire system goe into emergency mode and sounds an alarm. The process of oxidation of any material in the exothermic process of combustion, releasing heat and light as by products, is called Fire. The light parameter and the color of the flame help in detectin fire. Fire detection using color information has many application in computer vision and other domains. Our color model-base method used for fire detection has many advantages over conventional methods of smoke detection etc., such as simplicity feasibility and understandability. In order to enhance the performance parameters of fire flame detection based on a liv video stream, we propose an effective color model-based metho for fire detection. Each and every pixel is checked for the presence or absence of fire using color features, and periodi behaviour in fire regions is also analysed. Dynamic boundar check is also done to detect the edges of the fire Region of Interes (ROI). Candidate fire regions are detected using the chromatic an dynamic measurements. The proposed method is also include different fire prevention system.			

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28	CSE	Prof. Santhosh	4VP16CS084	Automated Identification Of Fall	Functional	The identification of pests in the maize field is a major challenge
		Meherwade	4VP16CS085	Armyworm		in the field of agriculture. Therefore, it is very important to protect
			4VP16CS088			the crop by monitoring the pest and minimizing the use of
			4VP16CS089			pesticides. Recently Fall Armyworm (FAW) is found in India,
						especially in Shivamogga (Karnataka), Kerala. It is one of the
						most dangerous pests and it can destroy the maize field
						completely within a week. This project focuses on the automatic
						The user (farmer) clicks the image of the past and unloads it to the
						Anyil Cloud Service via an android application. Once it is
						unloaded the image processing is done in the Anvil Cloud by
						using Supervised Machine Learning technique called Convolution
						Neural Network (CNN). The result will be displayed on the
						android app. If the result is positive, remedies are also provided in
						the form of text.
29	CSE	Prof.Prabhakar	4VP16CS090	Health Monitoring System	Functional	The main aim of this "Patient Health Monitoring System" is to
			4VP17CS402			build up a system fit for observing vital body signs, for example,
			4VP17CS405			body temperature, heart rate, pulse oximetry. Application of
			4VP17CS406			engineering and technology has proved its significance in the field
						of biomedical. It not only made doctors more efficient but also
						helped them in improving total process of medication. This paper
						presents a current invention for monitoring the patient health by
						implies that whether a person is at home, on a trin, or at his work
						place he/she can stay connected with the doctor and he can take
						immediate action if necessary The Telemedicine system for
						doctors provides solution for this. It continuously provides
						following information to doctors. The main motive of the
						proposed method is early detection of the abnormal heart rate can
						help to prevent from the serious disease. The heart rate monitor is



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SNo	Dept	Guide	USNs	Title	Status	Abstract (100 words)
						be compatible with normal rate to prevent from serious injury. Such digital display of target heart rate did not provide for ease of reading the display under the most conditions. This proposed method is an innovation to respond to these problems by providing novel wearable bio medical signal sensor devices for monitoring heartbeat, blood pressure condition at home easily, which displays the heart rate by LED sensor and enabling a user an indication if any abnormality through GSM, and also blood pressure monitored. The proposed innovation will be programmed to automatically suggest the user about their health condition. The heart rate, blood pressure level measured by the sensor is processed by the controller that data was read every second and stored on controller. The data from controller unit was sent to base node via GSM network. Arm controller hardware and GSM module are packed in suitable case and can send a message and immediate call to doctor's mobile if any abnormal condition of patient.
30	CSE	Prof. Bharathi K	4VP17CS400 4VP17CS401 4VP17CS403 4VP17CS404	"WI-FI Based Secure Wireless Communication In Military Navy"	Functional	The WiFi based secured wireless communication using RSA encryption allows us to communicate wirelessly with security feature. The data transfer during communication between two system is encrypted using RSA encryption which is highly secure. The data can be decrypted with correct key only, otherwise it returns some garbage value. This is two way communication system where we can transmit as well as receive at both ends. We have used Atmega microcontroller interfaced with xbee along with LCD display to send message and key, also have USB keyboards connected to each system.